

JAMES D. WELCH ATTORNEY AT LAW PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

10328 PINEHURST AVE. OMAHA, NEBRASKA 68124

June 5, 2006

Commissioner for Patents

Box: 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

RE: APPLICATION OF TIWALD TITLED "METHOD OF APPLYING PARAMETRIC

OSCILLATORS TO MODEL DIELECTRIC FUNCTIONS";

SERIAL NO. 10/849,729; FILE DATE: 05/20/2004;

ART UNIT: 2857;

EXAMINER: CHARIOUI, M.

PROVISION OF REPLACEMENT PAGES 30, 31 & 32.

Dear Sir;

Examiner Charioui phoned and requested replacement pages 30, 31 and 32 for the identified Allowed Application. Please find enclosed better copy.

S/incerely

AMES D. WELCH

JW/hs

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TRANSMITTAL IS BEING DEPOSITED WITH THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE WITH SUFFICIENT POSTAGE FOR EXPRESS FIRST CLASS MAIL IN AN ENVELOPE ADDRESSED TO THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS, BOX: 1450, ALEXANDRIA VA. 22313-1450 ON THE DATE INDICATED BELOW.

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REPLACEMENT PAGE

intersection with the horizontal axis, as demonstrated in Figs. 2 and 3. Note, variations on the Lorentz and Gaussian Oscillators include Ionic1, Ionic2, Harmonic, TOLO Structures as indicated in Figs. 4h, 4i, 4j and 4k respectively. Said additional Oscillator Structures are described in the J.A Woollam Co. WVASE Manual, which is incorporated by reference herein. Equations presented in the J.A. Woollam CO. WVASE Manual are included directly to provide insight to the Form of the Mathematical Equations which define them:

Gaussian: 4

 $\varepsilon_{n_Gaussian} = \varepsilon_{n1} + i\varepsilon_{n2}, \text{ where}$ $\varepsilon_{n1} = \frac{2}{\pi} P \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\xi \varepsilon_{n2}(\xi)}{\xi^2 - E^2} d\xi,$ using ε_{n2} as defined below.

Style Equation Fit Parameters (n = osc#)

Gau.0 (eV)

Ampn = A_n (dimensionless),

| Style | Liquetion | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Gau.0 (eV) | $\varepsilon_{n2} = A_n e^{-\left(\frac{E-E_n}{Br_n}\right)^2} - A_n e^{-\left(\frac{E+E_n}{Br_n}\right)^2}$ | Ampn = A_n (dimensionless), $Enn = E_n$ (eV), $Brn = Br_n$ (eV) |
| Gau.5 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n2} = A_n e^{\left(\frac{Br_n}{\sigma}\right)} - A_n e^{\left(\frac{Br_n}{\sigma}\right)}$ | $Ampn = A_n (dimensionless),$ $En1 = E_n (cm^{-1}), Br1 = Br_n (cm^{-1})$ |
| Gau.1 (eV) | $\left(E-E_n\right)^2$ $\left(E+E_n\right)^2$ | $Ampn = A_n (eV),$ $Enn = E_n (eV), Brn = Br_n (eV)$ |
| Gau.6 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n2} = \frac{A_n}{Br_n} e^{-\left(\frac{E-E_n}{Br_n}\right)^2} - \frac{A_n}{Br_n} e^{-\left(\frac{E+E_n}{Br_n}\right)^2}$ | $Ampn = A_n (cm^{-1}),$ $Enn = E_n (cm^{-1}), Brn = Br_n (cm^{-1})$ |
| . Gau.2 (eV) | $\left(E-E_n\right)^2$ $\left(E+E_n\right)^2$ | Ampn = A_n (dimensionless), $Enn = E_n$ (eV), $Brn = Br_n$ (eV) |
| Gau.7 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n2} = \frac{A_n E_n}{B r_n} e^{-\left(\frac{E - E_n}{B r_n}\right)^2} - \frac{A_n E_n}{B r_n} e^{-\left(\frac{E + E_n}{B r_n}\right)^2}$ | Ampn = A_n (dimensionless), Enn = E_n (cm ⁻¹), Brn = Br_n (cm ⁻¹) |

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Lorentz:

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| Style | Equation | Fit Parameters (n = osc#) |
|---|--|--|
| Lor.0 (eV) Lor.5 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_Lorentz} = \frac{A_n B r_n E_n}{E_n^2 - E^2 - i B r_n E}$ | $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Enn = E_n \text{ (eV), } Brn = Br_n \text{ (eV)}$ $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $En1 = E_n \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Br1 = Br_n \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ |
| Lor.1 (eV) Lor.6 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_Lorentz} = \frac{A_n E_n}{E_n^2 - E^2 - iBr_n E}$ | $Ampn = A_n (eV),$ $Enn = E_n (eV), Brn = Br_n (eV)$ $Ampn = A_n (cm^{-1}),$ $Enn = E_n (cm^{-1}), Brn = Br_n (cm^{-1})$ |
| Lor.2 (eV) .: Lor.7 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_Lorenz} = \frac{A_n E_n^2}{E_n^2 - E^2 - iBr_n E}$ | $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless)},$ $Enn = E_n \text{ (eV)}, Brn = Br_n \text{ (eV)}$ $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless)},$ $Enn = E_n \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Brn = Br_n \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ |

Harmonic

| | narmonic: | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| | Style | Equation | Fit Parameters (n = osc#) |
| 20 | Lor.0 (eV) Lor.5 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_Harmonic} = \frac{A_n B r_n E_n}{E_n^2 - E^2 + 1/4 B r_n^2 - i B r_n E}$ | $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Enn = E_n \text{ (eV), } Brn = Br_n \text{ (eV)}$ $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $En1 = E_n \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Br1 = Br_n \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ |
| 25 | Lor.1 (eV) Lor.6 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_Harmonic} = \frac{A_n E_n}{E_n^2 - E^2 + 1/4 Br_n^2 - iBr_n E}$ | $Ampn = A_n (eV),$ $Enn = E_n (eV), Brn = Br_n (eV)$ $Ampn = A_n (cm^{-1}),$ $Enn = E_n (cm^{-1}), Brn = Br_n (cm^{-1})$ |
| 20 | Lor.2 (eV) Lor.7 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_Harmonic} = \frac{A_n E_n^2}{E_n^2 - E^2 + 1/4 B r_n^2 - i B r_n E}$ | $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Enn = E_n \text{ (eV), } Brn = Br_n \text{ (eV)}$ $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Enn = E_n \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Brn = Br_n \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ |
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REPLACEMENT PAGE

Ionic1 & Ionic2:

| Style | Equation | Fit Parameters (n = osc#) |
|--|--|--|
| Ion1.0 (eV) Ion1.5 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{lon1_n} = \varepsilon_{con} + \frac{E_{Tn}^2 (\varepsilon_{dcn} - \varepsilon_{con})}{E_{Tn}^2 - E^2 - iBr_n E}$ | edcn = ε_{dcn} (dimensionless), einfn = ε_{con} (dimensionless), Eton = E_{Tn} (eV), $Br_n = Brn(eV)$ edcn = ε_{dcn} (dimensionless), einfn = ε_{con} (dimensionless), Eton = E_{Tn} (cm ⁻¹), $B_m = B_m$ (cm ⁻¹) |
| Ion2.0 (eV) Ion2.5 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{lon2_n} = \varepsilon_{don} \left(\frac{E_{Tn}^{2}}{E_{Ln}^{2}} + \frac{E_{Tn}^{2} \left(1 - \frac{E_{Tn}^{2}}{E_{Ln}^{2}}\right)}{E_{Tn}^{2} - E^{2} - iBr_{n}E} \right)$ | $edcn = \varepsilon_{dcn} \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Eton = E_{Tn} \text{ (eV), } Brn = B_m \text{ (eV)}$ $Elon = E_{Ln} \text{ (eV)}$ $edcn = \varepsilon_{dcn} \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Eton = E_{Tn} \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Brn = B_m \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ $Elon = E_{Ln} \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ |

15 TOLO

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| 10 . | TOLO: | | |
|------|--|---|---|
| | Style | Equation | Fit Parameters (n = osc#) |
| 20 | TOLO.0 (eV) TOLO.5 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_TOLO} = A_n \frac{E_{lon}^2 - E^2 - iB_{lon}E}{E_{lon}^2 - E^2 - iB_{lon}E}$ | $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Elon = E_{lon} \text{ (eV), } E_{ton} = Eton \text{ (eV)}$ $Blon = B_{lon} \text{ (eV), } Bton = B_{lon} \text{ (eV)}$ $Ampn = A_n \text{ (dimensionless),}$ $Elon = E_{lon} \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Eton = E_{lon} \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ $Blon = B_{lon} \text{ (cm}^{-1}), Bton = B_{lon} \text{ (cm}^{-1})$ |
| 25 | TOLO.1 (eV) TOLO.6 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_TOLO} = \frac{A_n}{B_{ton}} \frac{E_{lon}^2 - E^2 - iB_{lon}E}{E_{ton}^2 - E^2 - iB_{ton}E}$ | $Ampn = A_n (eV),$ $Elon = E_{lon} (eV), E_{ton} = E_{ton} (eV)$ $Blon = B_{lon} (eV), B_{ton} = B_{ton} (eV)$ $Ampn = A_n (cm^{-1}),$ $Elon = E_{lon} (cm^{-1}), E_{ton} = E_{ton} (cm^{-1})$ $Blon = B_{lon} (cm^{-1}), B_{ton} = B_{ton} (cm^{-1})$ |
| 30 | TOLO.2 (eV) TOLO.7 (cm ⁻¹) | $\varepsilon_{n_TOLO} = A_n \frac{E_{ton}}{B_{ton}} \frac{E_{lon}^2 - E^2 - iB_{lon}E}{E_{ton}^2 - E^2 - iB_{ton}E}$ | Ampn = A_n (dimensionless), Elon = E_{lon} (eV), E_{ton} = Eton (eV) Blon = B_{lon} (eV), Bton = B_{ton} (eV) Ampn = A_n (dimensionless), Elon = E_{lon} (cm ⁻¹), Eton = E_{ton} (cm ⁻¹) Blon = B_{lon} (cm ⁻¹), Bton = B_{lon} (cm ⁻¹) |

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